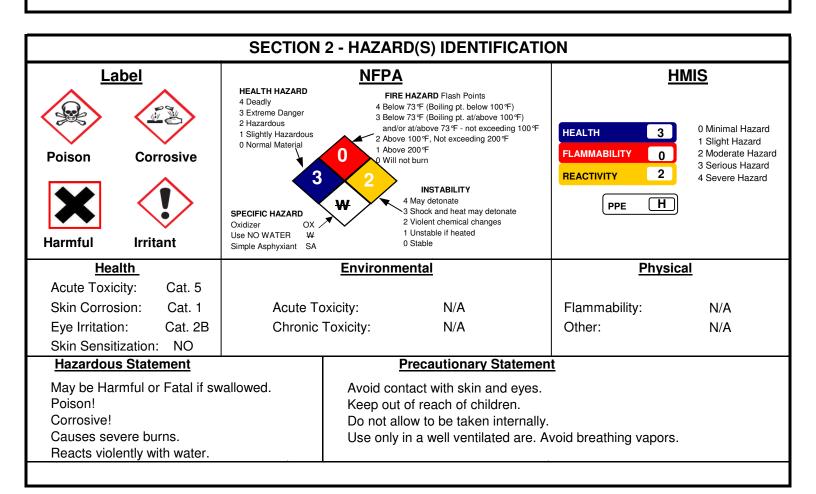


# **BLACK SWAN MFG. CO.**

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET



#### **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION** Manufacturer: For any transportation or medical chemical emergencies call: Black Swan Manufacturing Co. 4540 W. Thomas Street **INFOTRAC** Chicago, IL 60651-3318 Telephone: 1-800-252-5796 (800) 535-5053 OR (352) 323-3500 Fax: 1-773-227-3705 Web Site: www.blackswanmfg.com 24 hours per day - 7 days a week E-mail: info@blackswanmfg.com Recommended Use: **Product Name:** For dissolving organic matter, melting heavy grease **One-Shot** deposits, and opening clogged drains.



SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS				
CAS#	EINECS#	Approx %		
7664-93-9	<del>2</del> 31-639-5	93%		
95-49-8	202-424-3	<1%		
106-43-4	203-397-0	<1%		
	<b>CAS #</b> 7664-93-9 95-49-8	CAS #EINECS#7664-93-9231-639-595-49-8202-424-3		

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION 4 - FIRST-AID MEASURES**

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. Give artificial respiration only if breathing has stopped. Give cardiopulmonary resuscitation

if there is no breathing and no pulse. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin: Immediately flush with running water for at least 20 minutes. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get medical attention. Completely decontaminated clothing and shoes before re-use.

Eyes: Flush immediately with water for at least 20 minutes. Forcibly hold eyelids apart to ensure complete irrigation of eye/lid

tissue. If irritation persists, repeat flushing. Get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Give 1/2 to 1 glass of water to dilute material. If vomiting occurs

spontaneously, keep airway clear and give more water. Get immediately medical attention.

#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Suitable Unsuitable
Small Fire: Water
Dry Chemical Organic Materials

Dry Chemical
Carbon Dioxide
Large Fire:

Water; expect violent reaction.

#### **Specific Hazards**

Not flammable but highly reactive. Capable of igniting finely divided combustible materials on contact. Hydrogen can accumulate to explosive concentrations inside confined

spaces.

## **Protective Equipment**

Self-contained breathing apparatus {(SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH}.
Full protective gear.

#### **Special Firefighting Procedures**

For fighting fires in close proximity to spill or vapors, use acid resistant personal protective equipment. Evacuate residents who are downwind of fire. Prevent unauthorized entry to fire area. Dike area to contain runoff and prevent contamination of water sources. Neutralize runoff with lime, soda ash or other suitable neutralizing agents. Cool containers that are exposed to flame with streams of water.

#### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal Precautions:** Allow only trained personnel wearing appropriate protective equipment to be involved in the spill response.

Protective Equipment: None. Emergency Procedures: None.

**Environmental Precautions:** Dike area, prevent material from entering waterway.

Methods for Cleaning-Up: Remove all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop leak at source, if safe to do so. Collect into containers

for reclamation or disposal. Deactivating chemicals: Lime, limestone, sodium carbonate , sodium

bicarbonate, dilute sodium hydroxide, dilute aqua ammonia.

Other Precautions: None.

#### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

## <u>Handling</u> <u>Storage</u>

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Do not breath sprays or mists. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Always add acid to water - NOT water to acid.

Keep ignition sources away from sulfuric acid storage, handling and transportation equipment. Store above freezing point (-21.1  $^{\circ}\text{F} \@ 93\%$ ). Elevated temperatures will increase the corrosion rate of most metals. Store packaged acid in a dry, well ventilated location away from combustibles, oxiders, bases or metallic powders. Storage tanks should be protected from water ingress, be well ventilated, and maintained structually in a safe and reliable condition. Sulfuric acid will attack some forms of plastic and coating. If kept in upper floors of building, floors should be acid proof with drains to a recovery tank.

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**OSHA Exposure Limits** 

 Hazardous Components
 ACGIH-TLV
 OSHA-PEL

 SULFURIC ACID
 1 mg/m3
 1 mg/m3

 2-CHLOROTOLUENE
 259 mg/m3
 250 mg/m3

 4-CHLOROTOLUENE
 N/A
 N/A

**Personal Protective Equipment** 

**Respiratory Protection:** Use NIOSH approved respirators to prevent overexposure.

**Ventilation:** Local ventilation is adequate.

Other Protective Equipment: Protective Gloves Eyes and Face Protection Other Protective Equipment

Neoprene/PVC Gloves. Chemical Safety Goggles. Coveralls, Boots and other

acid resistant protective clothing.

Other Precautions: None.

**Engineering Controls** 

Safety showers recommended in all storage and handling areas. Eye wash fountains recommended in all storage and handling areas. Do not wear contact lenses.

#### **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance: Brown Volatile by Volume: N/A

Odor:Penetrating OdorVapor Pressure:@ 102 °F , 0.0016

Odor Threshold: Vapor Density: N/A N/A pH: <1.00 **Relative Density:** N/A Melting/Freezing Point: N/A / -21.2°F Solubility: Miscible **Boiling Point:** 535°F Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: N/A

Boiling Range: N/A Auto-ignition Temperature: N/A

Flash Point: N/A Specific Gravity (H20=1): @ 60 °F , 1.8354

Evaporation Rate: N/A Viscosity: N/A

Flavor of little

 Flammability:
 N/A
 VOC:
 50 g/l

 Flammability Limits:
 LEL: N/A; UEL: N/A
 VOC:
 50 g/l

# SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Stability** 

#### **Hazardous Polymerization**

**Conditions To Avoid** 

Stable

Unstable

May Occur

Will Not Occur



Open flames, sparks, and ignition sources. **Do NOT add water to the acid.** 

#### **Incompatible Materials**

Carbides, Chlorates, Fulminates, Nitrates and Picrates. (May cause fire and explosion).

Contacts with metals may produce flammable hydrogen gas.

Do NOT add water to the acid.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Toxic gases and vapors (sulfur dioxide, sulfuric acid vapors and sulfur trioxide) may be released when sulfuric acid decomposes.

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION				
Likely Rout	Likely Routes of Exposure Symptoms/Effects			
Inhalation	<b>✓</b>	Vapor or mist from concentrated solutions may cause irritation of the eyes, nose and respiratory tract. May cause increased pulmonary resistance, transient cough and bronchoconstriction. Severe exposure may result in lung collapse and pulmonary edema which can be fatal.		
Skin Contact	✓	Concentrated solution may cause pain and severe burns to the skin and brownish or yellow stains. Prolonged exposure and repeated exposure to the dilute solutions may cause irritation, redness, pain and drying and cracking of the skin.		
Eye Contact Ingestion	<b>✓</b>	Immediate pain, severe burns and corneal damage which may result in blindness. Severe burning and pain in the mouth, throat and abdomen. Vomiting, diarreah and perforation of the esophagus and stomach lining may occur.		
Long-Term Effe	cts: N/A			

**Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:** Asthma, bronchitis, emphysema and other lung diseases and chronic nose, sinus or throat condition. Severity of the burn is generally determined by the concentration of the solution and duration of exposure. Cream or ointment should not be applied before or during the washing phase of treatment.

	<u>Toxicity</u>	
<b>Hazardous Components</b>	<u>LD50</u>	<u>LC50</u>
SULFURIC ACID	Oral: 2,140 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation: 510 mg/m3 (rat)
2-CHLOROTOLUENE	Oral: 2,350 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation: 3,471 ppm (rat)
4-CHLOROTOLUENE	Oral: 3,600 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation: 34 g/m3 (mouse)
	-	-

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION			
Ecotoxicity:	None.		
Persistance & Degradability:	None.		
Bioaccumulative Potential:	None.		
Mobility in Soil:	None.		
Other Adverse Effects:	None.		

#### **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION Shipping Information** Shipping Name: Sulfuric Acid **Exception to the rule:** If the package that contains the hazardous **Hazardous Class:** material is in a small consumer size (Less than 1L) then the rules 8 that apply to shipping hazardous materials do not apply. This is I.D. Number: UN1830 called an "Exception". This is classified as Consumer Commodity Packing Group: Label Required: ORM-D. Corrosive **Marine Pollutant:** No

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION
None.

### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

Disclaimer: Revision Date: JULY 2010

Information on this form is furnished solely for the purpose of compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act and shall not be used for any other purpose. Black Swan Manufacturing Co. urges the customers receiving this Material Safety Data Sheet to study it carefully to become aware of the hazards, if any, of the product involved. In the interest of safety, you should notify your employees, agents, and contractors of the information on the sheets.